

PROSPECTS FOR PEACE AND SECURITY IN AFGHANISTAN AFTER
US WITHDRAWAL.

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Abstract.

The purpose of this study is to understand and forecast the situation in post war withdrawal scenario of US in Afghanistan and its implications on Afghanistan. The objective of the thesis is to understand and study the social, economic, political, and educational, health sectors, and the process of peace and security in post-withdrawal of US troop from Afghanistan. All work done is to throw light on the plights of Afghanistan's people in different aspect of life before and after the invasion of the US troops in Afghanistan. This study will interrogate that how the US troops withdrawal will cause an effect in Afghanistan peace and security. This study will interrogate the outcomes of US Troops Withdrawal on Afghanistan's education system and also people's interest in acquiring education. Moreover, it will investigate the prospects for peace and stability in Afghanistan in the light of regional clash. Further, it shows that how Pakistan play an important role with regards Afghanistan peace and stability. This study shows the regional dynamics with regarding to peace and stability in Afghanistan after US Troops Withdrawal. With the help of the rational model, this study would explain the causes and prospects of the US withdrawal from Afghanistan. Methodologically, this research has employed both primary and secondary sources for an overall qualitative analysis. Analysis of the data is based on the comparison of the observed shifts in priorities and objectives of different stakeholders and regional actors. They are analyzed and categorized by virtue of documented evidence for it helps to understand and identify limitations that can be taken into account for the future stability of Afghanistan and the South Asian region.

Introduction

According to Rahmanullah (2014:60-81) United States announced withdrawing of its troops from Afghanistan by the end of 2014. When the announcement of withdrawal came after a short time. The US administration replaced the word withdrawal with reduction of troops. They described it as the mistaken use of the word. After 2014, U.S planned to keep 10,000 troops in Afghanistan. The US and NATO forces, wanted to sign future security agreements with Afghanistan government to ensure its security.

In 2009, Afghan President Hamid Karzai demanded that withdrawal of foreign troops should start by 2014. The same year was also mentioned in the Lisbon NATO Summit. In place of foreign force, Afghan National Army (ANA) and Afghan police took charge of security by June 2013 in the country. The total foreign troops in Afghanistan were 150,000 in 2012, however they reduced, it in November 2013. At present, the total troops are 87,000; among them 50,000 are American troops.

At the end of 2014, the NATO withdrew 87,000 troops from Afghanistan while they had been fighting 13 years' war against Al-Qaeda. At the end of 2014, the troops of UK (7,900), Germany (4,400), Italy (2,800), Poland (1,550), and Georgia (1,550) were supposed to pull out and in February 2014 the 50,000 troops of United States were divided and half of them were sent back from Afghanistan. Australia planned to pull out major portion of its 1,029 troops by the end of 2013, leaving only 400 troops behind for non-combat operations until the end of 2014.

While blaming Al-Qaeda for perpetrating 9/11 terrorist attacks on its twin towers, the then US president, George W. Bush waged war in Afghanistan, where Al-Qaeda chief Osama Bin Laden was supposed to be harbor. As a result of the US attack, the Taliban regime in Afghanistan was toppled. Consequently, following the Bonn Conference held in Germany in 2001, the international community installed Hamid Karzai as new president of Afghanistan.

Over a decade, the US and NATO forces backed the Karzai-led administration in several cadres vis-à-vis education, health, reconstruction. However, eliminating militants and helping Afghan government in implementing its writ remained the prime job of both US and NATO forces over

the last thirteen years. Besides, the US and NATO forces also imparted advanced training to Afghan National Army (ANA) who ultimately shouldered the security responsibility.

US did not show any desire of withdrawing their forces in the last thirteen years due to the weakness of Afghan forces. The US also supported talks with the Taliban as a second strategy to restore calm to Afghanistan before its departure. The withdrawal is still not materialized up to now. There could be many more challenges for Afghanistan government after 2014, but in my interviews with a variety of people, they say that the situation is more complex for Afghanistan government in every field.

According to the researcher notion the main reasons of withdrawal are still not clear but it is evident that the United States and NATO member countries wanted to stop support because of the high amount of expenditure on their troops in Afghanistan. With regular interval, different NATO member countries announced their withdrawal due to high expenditures on their troops and I also noticed that, they were losing the war in Afghanistan as huge number of their soldiers were been killed. The families of the dead soldiers and the opposition leaders continuously protested that what they had gained in the war in Afghanistan.

The US and NATO realized that they had lost the war in Afghanistan, so they started the propaganda that they had accomplished their mission and announced their withdrawal. However, they did not accomplish their mission and during the war and their stay, they did not take control in Afghanistan. They controlled some major cities like Kabul, Kandahar, Jalal Abad, and some other as well. However, in these major cities they could not save their self's from the militant attacks on their troops, bases. They even could not hold their self-safe their till now.

In 19th century, when British government in sub-continent and the Russian Empire was approaching southwards into central Asia, the British were concerned about this. In sub- continent British have responded to the Russian threats and the Russian's want to take control of Afghanistan. In result, there is fought three Anglo Afghan war's in 1839-42, 1878-79 and 1919 respectively.

In Afghanistan, British failed to make their government due to the reason of Indus River, and established their rule in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Baluchistan provinces.

Impacts of US withdrawal, prospects of peace and stability in Afghanistan.

American president Obama on 22 Jun, 2011 delivered a speech about the US forces withdrawal from Afghanistan. In his speck he outlined the success in Afghanistan. He stated about the 9/11 attack that this was worse than the imperial Japanese Navy Air Services attack on United States, because this attack bring loses to common civilians other than forces of the United States Obama said that the terrorists of 9/11 attacked the people who were busy in their daily works. When American forces were busy in Iraq then the Taliban regrouped and get ready for a most bloody war against United States forces. All the Al-Qaeda leaders were our military commanders have warned us that Taliban are now again ready to capture Afghanistan large parts. As a president I decided that we will send another 300 American forces

to control Al- Qaeda movement, stop the Taliban activities and to train the Afghan forces, so that the Afghan forces may able to fight against Taliban in their country. Obama also said that we will start the withdrawal of forces this July. The American President announced that we thanks out civilians because of their full support. We will withdrew 10,00 forces from Afghanistan this year last months. After 6 months we will withdraw 33,000 more forces from Afghanistan. Now we will not a combat forces more but we will support Afghan security against Taliban.

The American people know the Obama speech of US withdrawal form may be helpful for Obama in 2012 presidential election but they will risky for the wining of war on terror in Afghanistan. The American people have the idea that American forces and ISAF have achieved many more goals in Afghanistan against the fighting groups. The United forces have limited the movement of Taliban and also destroyed the safe composes of Al-Qaeda in Afghanistan. The Obama withdrawal strategy will might affect the ongoing successful operation against Al-Qaeda and Taliban in Afghanistan. The American people stated that now the United States forces are stronger in Afghanistan as compared the start of the war. If we withdraw a large number of American forces from Afghanistan then the terrorist groups may be able to take the control of Afghanistan. The American senior commander, Admiral Mike Mullen considered the withdrawal of a large number of troops from Afghanistan a risk for our mission in war on terror. Some of the American people appreciate the decision of Barack Obama about the withdrawal from Afghanistan. They consider the withdrawal of the international forces from Afghanistan as a good step to give attention to our domestic problem. The American people said that our country also have a problem of economy and unemployment. Most of forces have given a sacrifice for the betterment of Afghan people and for the entire world peace.

Pakistan foreign ministry not directly reacted towards the United States plan to withdrawal their forces from Afghanistan. The foreign office of Pakistan has issue a statement that we will discuss this United States announcement plan of withdrawal their forces. Some Pakistani expert says that the withdrawal process will affect the peace of Afghanistan and Pakistan. When the United forces will decrease their number then the Al-Qaeda and Taliban will again start war near Pakistan-Afghanistan border and they will make a strategy that target allied forces and then safety return to Pakistan border where they will escape from targeting. In these situations American forces will targeting the Taliban and Al-Qaeda with drone attack and as a result there will be issue between Pakistan and American Administration. This drone attacks will increase distance between Pakistan and United States and as a result, the war against Taliban and other fighting faction will be disturb.

Chances of peace and stability after US withdrawal:

After the United States, withdrawal from Afghanistan the peace and stability is related with several aspects of the country. Economic stability is the main factor, which will lead the efforts towards peace and stability. Recently most of the expenditure of Afghan security forces is paid by the United States. All the Afghan economy is supported by CERP, NGO, USAID and aid economy. After the US withdrawals the

economy of Afghanistan will be in great lose. All the effort to eliminate the Taliban factor and establish peace there will be a need of huge amount of money. When United States forces peace the country they will be no more able to support fully the Afghan forces and also the Afghan government plan of reconstruction. If the United States permanently not support the Afghan forces then the Afghan Taliban will again try to control the most areas of Afghanistan in recent condition the positions is not in the favor of if Afghan forces because Taliban are so strong as compared to the time of 9/11. Now the Taliban know all the tactics of war and also have the support of common civilian. So to establish peace and stability and also there will be train which will enable them to fight against Taliban. The total number of Afghan forces including police and army are 352,000. NATO estimated that the Afghan forces need a huge amount of 4.1 billion dollar per year. This huge amount of money supply will be difficult for the Afghan government to pay. The allies' forces also cost a huge amount of Afghan war on terror. Afghanistan has also the problem of corruption. The Afghan government from foreign donor receives huge amount of aid but the actual amount are not get by the needy people and Afghan forces.

Most of the international donor will asked the Afghan government to stop corruption. If Afghan government does not control the corruption then the international donor will decrease their aid to Afghan government.

This will fatherly decrease the ability of Afghan forces of fight against Taliban and other militant faction groups. Therefore, to control the Taliban there will be need of proper use of international aid and the Afghan government had to take steps of control the corruption in their country.

Financially strong Afghanistan will be able to defend their country. The Afghan government has to control the income of Taliban from foreign countries. To defeat Taliban there will be a need of strong force and to cut the means of sources of Afghan Taliban. The opium should be bane in the

country, so that the Afghan Taliban control gets the benefit of opium smuggling. In short, there is a need of strong Afghan forces and weak Afghan Taliban.

The government will also success in his mission of peace and stability by giving financial support to those Taliban who want peace and want to take part in the peaceful activities of Afghan government. This support will divide the afghan Taliban, as a result, the Taliban will become weak, and they will be no more able to fight against Afghan army and police. This is the ancient formula that divide and role. This division will increase the distance between mutually. By this way, the Taliban will divide into two groups and their controlling will be easy for the Afghan government. This formula of supporting one group of Taliban again needs financial stability of the Afghan government. So for peace and stability there is a need of financially strong Afghanistan and this will be achieve by the support of external help from international donor. Strong economy is essential for peaceful Afghanistan.

Peace talks with the fighting groups:

The peace and stability will also be achieved after US withdrawal from Afghanistan through reconciliation process with the fighting mainly Taliban. The Afghan government need to prepare Taliban for mutual talks, but this will only achieved through trust form the Taliban and Afghan government. When the Taliban will take part in Afghan political process this will means that Taliban are now no more in mood of fighting and they want to take part in democratic system.

This choice is good one for Taliban because the entire world nowadays wants Sharia law. Taliban also may try to contest election and show that they are willing for the democratic system. To take part in Afghanistan political system the Taliban have to accept the supremacy of the Afghan constitution and also to love Afghanistan national flag and Afghanistan national anthem. Through political reconciliation Taliban will know about their States in society that either the society are ready for the rule or they reject them in the field of election and other political activities then there will be chance of peace and security. By playing its role in politics the Taliban network will lose its connection with Al-Qaeda. If Taliban leave the side of Al-Qaeda then the Afghan forces will be able to defeat Al-Qaeda. Therefore, it is necessary to the peaceful Afghanistan after United States forces withdrawal that all the parties including political religious and militant take part in political process and ready for the acceptance of each other supremacy.

For the peace and security of Afghanistan after United States forces withdrawal there will be a need of struggle to reduce the dependence of Taliban on external aid and to stop their external links with militant groups. By stopping their links with external aid, giving actors then their capacity of fighting will be decrease and they will be no able to use modern types of arms. The Afghan Taliban every year received a huge amount of aid from external forces of militant groups. The most helping providing group is Haqani network; the government of Afghanistan should take a step to stop the Haqani network entrance to Afghanistan. Some Gulf countries are also giving help to Taliban insurgents the Afghan government should take serious steps to talk with the Gulf countries about their involvement in in Afghanistan internal problems and sure them that please stop the helping of terrorist groups in Afghanistan. The afghan situation after the US withdrawal will be positive in case if there will be a new social contact between all the stakeholders of Afghanistan. In the social contact there should be grant some rights to women and the deprived people of Afghanistan. When women will on some high ranks the world will ruled about the rights of women in Afghanistan. There should be chances of education for both male and female. In modern world, the role of women is very important because in every society the average of women is about 50%. The educated women will change the mind of afghan people about their future. If Afghanistan will control by Taliban, then the status of women will be bad. In any society their women are not active, and then we cannot call this region a peaceful. History show that afghan women are always deprived of their right on the name of religion or tradition or culture of Afghanistan. Afghanistan peace is mainly concerned with some challenges which have to face Afghanistan. If Afghanistan will face these challenges and also success in it then these will prove positive for Afghanistan future security and peace. Afghanistan will become a weak security state become now in the presence of United States troops the Taliban are active and also have a control on some parts of Afghanistan. The Taliban are challenging the power of foreign forces and Afghan forces combining the

power after the United States withdrawal the Afghan forces will lose a great amount of arms and modern technology as well as a large number of foreign troops. In this condition the Afghan forces will be in trouble to control the emergence of Taliban. The Afghan forces will also need a huge amount of financial support for their successful operations against Taliban and other insurgents. Financially the Afghan

forces are not able to provide all types of requirements of war. Financially weak Afghanistan will be easy targets for Taliban insurgents. The Afghan forces will also face the problem of forces

shortage because the American and other NATO forces will not in Afghanistan to support them. Due to shortage of security forces the Afghan forces will not be able to defend their borders with other countries which is the most safe heaven for Taliban. The Taliban will easily enter into Afghanistan for targeting. The Afghanistan main city protection will also be a challenge for the Afghan police and of the security forces. In case of insecurity, the foreign people will not travel to Afghan. In this situation, the government will be in pressure. The Afghanistan government will also face the problem of female education, which is very much important for the progress of any country. Taliban opposed female education and does not allow female to get education.

The government needs to establish state of the art universities in Afghanistan, and increase the number of quota seats in other universities for Afghanistan students. The government also needs to reconstruct the schools destroyed in the war on terror and also increase the number of schools and colleges, and further, to provide a permanent staff to those institution. The government could also motivate the students to concentrate on their studies and provide them scholarships.

On the other side there, are chances of peace and stability in Afghanistan, Afghanistan in now changed totally as compared to the past time of 2001 and later? In past, there were no awareness in the society about their rights and duties. The Afghan citizen was mostly deprive of their rites of getting education. Now there are large number students getting education various parts of Afghanistan. The rate of education is more than the past about 1.8 million students are getting education including females. There are large number of females education institution are functional which was used in the past as a campuses of Afghan Taliban training. This large number of female education is the sign of bright future of Afghan people. By getting education, the Afghan people will be able to oppose the brutalities and other serious punishment of Afghan Taliban, so they will not be ready to accept them as their rulers. In past the people of Afghanistan were used on the name of Islam and they accept the Afghan Taliban as their rulers, as a result the entire world except Pakistan and Arab countries reject them and they are cut off from the rest of the world. In past the Afghanistan people has faces many problems of economy as well as the problem of their rights and duties. Now the condition is totally change as compared to the past.

Now the people are awarding about their future that we will pass time without out neighboring countries. In the past Afghanistan has no strong foreign relation. Modern world are

interconnected and no one will continue its survival without strong foreign relation. Afghanistan will now get more aid in case of its failed economy and financial crises. With the strong foreign relation, the Afghan people will get more opportunities of job and scholarships in external foreign countries. With this, the Afghan people able to fulfil the requirement of modern world. The Afghanistan border is now safe as compared to the past, now there will be no entrance of foreign militant and the Afghan soil will be no more the safe haven of external militant groups. From Pakistan side the total border of 2252 kilometer is closed and the Haqani network will be no more able to enter Afghanistan and target any Afghan property or Afghan police or Army.

Iran will be no more allow the entrance will block the Taliban will become weak and they will no more get heavy arms for fighting against Afghanistan. Pakistan are now aware of their position that proxy wars formula is no more acceptable in the world. Pakistan in the past had supported the militant groups in Afghanistan. Afghan Taliban has clearly said that they will start a peace talks with Afghan government are totally a sovereign government. The Afghan Taliban are also stated that the peace talks will be started after fully United States forces withdrawal.

This point is somehow easy for both side, because the United States has announced that their forces will gradually leave. Afghanistan. Taliban are now aware of the fact that alone they will not be able to control and run the Kabul government. After the peace, talks with Taliban the Afghan government will give a chance to Taliban to participate in the political structure of the country. This will be a golden chance for Afghan Taliban to agree with the government plan and take part in peace building and future planning of Afghanistan. By mutual sharing of government of affairs the unstable condition of Afghan people and government will be move on right track.

In case of success of peace talks, the Afghan Taliban will compromise on female education and female participation in politics and other activities. By taking part in government activities, the Afghan Taliban will be able to see the progress of modern world in the field of science, technology and education. The world will also see the behavior of Afghan Taliban in their dealings. Taliban and Afghanistan government will stop the production and supply of opium and other drugs by stopping the production of opium the people of Pakistan and Afghanistan will get rid of these killer drugs. Every year a large number of people in Afghanistan and Pakistan become victim of those dangerous habits. The economy will also save by stopping the production and supply of opium and others types of drugs. The warlords will also be no more able to provide the arms and destroy the Afghan people. In case if the peace talk's do not

Successful, then the Taliban position will be, so weak that the Afghan people will not more support them. Now the Taliban has the chance that either they want. Now the Taliban has the chance that either they want to success or they want to lose their position in the Afghan society. Afghanistan people are now wants to get rid of war and want live in a peaceful situation. The Afghanistan own forces are now large in number as compared to the past 2001. They are now able to fight a war with Afghan Taliban. In afghan forces increase the situation is also changed because now thy have experience of about 20 years'

war on their land against militant groups. From Pakistani side there will be no chances of help from Haqani network and other militant groups, because according to the officials of Pakistan army all the militant groups were eliminated and now there are safe places of Taliban or Haqani network in Pakistan.

In short, there is a chance of peace and stability in Afghanistan. After United forces withdrawal all the stakeholders want peace in Afghanistan including Afghan government and United States show his willingness towards peace and they want stable Afghanistan. Pakistan an important neighboring country also helping the Afghan peace talks, this will also increase the speed of peace talks because the Afghan Taliban have positive thinking about Pakistani government especially the military administration, who in the past war with Soviet Union supported the Afghan Taliban.

Security and counterterrorism implications for Afghanistan and the region.

As mentioned earlier, the international community's post-2014 financial commitment to Afghanistan, security assistance such as expected under the proposed US-Afghan bilateral security agreement, and reconciliation with the Taliban will pave the way for peaceful and effective security and political transition in the country. Even if the process of reconciliation with the Taliban does not achieve the desired level of success, the former two factors, i.e. international community's security and economic assistance, will largely affect the Afghan counterterrorism and counterinsurgency measures.

On the other hand, withdrawal of foreign troops will further 'mobilize the national (Afghan) and international (non-Afghan) actors in the region and the uncertain political vision of Afghan leadership may contribute towards chaotic future' (Grare, 2014). So far, Karzai's refusal to sign the bilateral security agreement with the US has served as a hindrance for Washington to acquire extra-territorial rights for the American troops that might stay in Afghanistan after December 2014 (Hussain, 2014).

Consequences on regional security

It is believed that after the withdrawal of foreign troops from Afghanistan, the regional state actors would focus more on Afghanistan mainly due to the perceived threat of Afghanistan once again becoming a hub of transnational militant groups including Al Qaeda and those from Central Asia, and the danger of these militants spreading from Afghanistan to the neighboring countries like China, Iran, Pakistan and Central Asian states (Semple, 2013). The US drawdown from Afghanistan will no doubt result in insecurity for the regional states. The post-2014 period would be a time for the regional actors to learn lessons from the past and carefully examine the nature of threats and possible opportunities originating from the country (Ibid). It is fortunate, as mentioned earlier, that no country in the region including Pakistan wants to see the Taliban rising to power in Afghanistan again.

In order to decrease the apparent intimidations to their relevant security that could originate from the post-2014 Afghanistan, the country's neighbors have a vibrant part to play in safeguarding pacific

evolution and political settlement there. This role could involve non-interference or productive participation in Afghan matters, financial progress, security aid and two-sided trade and business.

In particular, Pakistan and India, which have remained engaged in proxy wars in Afghanistan along with other neighbors in the past, have the prime responsibility in this regard. Interestingly, it was revealed in a seminar on "Peace and stability in Afghanistan's region: 2014 and beyond" organized by Friedrich-EbertStiftung (FES) in Islamabad in January this year that the Pakistani and Indian governments had formally started negotiations on the future of Afghanistan while Track-II talks regarding that were already under way (Rasheed, 2014). A peaceful, proxy-free and stable Afghanistan is not only linked to internal security and economic prosperity of countries in the region but can also contribute towards fostering good relations between Pakistan and India, the two archrivals. Neither country can afford another civil war and a rise in militancy in Afghanistan. It is probably due to this growing realization that Pakistan and India, along with China and Russia, want Afghan President to sign a security agreement with Washington that allows US forces to stay in Afghanistan after 2014 (Dawn, 2013).

India considers that a Taliban's reappearance in Afghanistan after 2014 can create situation there that can host anti-India rebels comprising those from Pakistan, who can use the Afghan soil to

Train and launch assaults inside India. For Iran, the Taliban were never tolerable mostly due to their anti-Shia plan and assassination of the Hazara community in Afghanistan throughout their reign. The Taliban have settled strong connection with Sunni belligerent and religious clusters. Iran has usually persisted near to leaders of northern Afghanistan. However, distinct India, China, Russia and Pakistan, Iran is not in favor of the American forces' stay in Afghanistan beyond 2014. Security and stability in Afghanistan after 2014 would not only have implications for local security but also for regional trade and economy. Security, peace and stability in Afghanistan and Pakistan can provide an environment conducive for regional trade and business. Pakistan and Afghanistan can massively advantage from their geostrategic position that offers excessive occasions as an energy and trade corridor.

Conclusion

The people of Afghanistan are facing many problems in the social, political, peace and security. The social life of Afghanistan people has destroyed and they are not the same as they were before the war. Their behaviors are not the same with each other due to the troubles they have faced in their lives. The government does not provide them enough facilities. They migrated from their places in the shape of

IDPS and Refugees. The government did not provide them basic facilities while they were in camps. They are in bad condition, and the government needs help them. Not just this, due to war, their business has also collapsed and they are in bad financial crises due to which they cannot build their own homes. The educational sector was also not good before the war, there were limited number of schools and colleges but the teaching, and administration staff constantly remained absent. The people of Afghanistan are not that much politically aware, before the war Malik's and elders influenced the people in the elections. The people had to agree with their elders and do not say a word, but now slowly they have learned and are now politically aware up to some level. The main reason behind this is that the people when migrated from Afghanistan to settled areas they saw the comparatively better situation in other areas and became aware of their rights and responsibility. Having nothing to earn from, they had to indulge in illegal activities to earn their living.

The Afghanistan problem is now nearing to its end. All the stakeholders are now agree on the point that the peaceful withdrawal will change the situation in Afghanistan. The regional countries are now want a peaceful Afghanistan because all the countries of modern world want peace. American forces are also want that the Afghan forces may ale to control the situation and that should leave the charge. Peace dialogues are also in progress for the better future of Afghanistan. Taliban are now agree for peace talks with United States and with Afghan government. This show the positive sing of success of peace talks in Afghanistan.

Pakistan role is also important in this case if we see towards the behaviors of Afghan Taliban about Pakistan role in Afghanistan. Pakistan is also in the struggle to solve the problem of Afghanistan peacefully because regional security are connected with peaceful Afghanistan. Pakistan have SPEC projects, which will need security for its completion. Pakistan has pipeline projects with Iran who need full proof security because this pipeline is going towards Pakistan through Afghanistan. All this causes make Pakistan responsible to take initiative for the peace in

Afghanistan. Pakistan are now aware of the fact that in modern world the proxy war formula is no more applicable. From the above long statements, we learn that Afghanistan future will be peaceful. Afghanistan will go forward in all fields of life.

Recommendations

The following recommendations were draw in the light of findings and conclusion.

United States are required to give attention towards Afghanistan future and also try to solve Afghan problem through negotiation not through war or use of power.

All the Afghan political and Islamic parties are required to take interest in negotiation process with Afghan Taliban.

The Afghan Taliban is also required to come on negotiation table and see towards Afghanistan betterment not towards control of government.

All the external agents are required to leave their policy of Proxy war on the land of Afghanistan for their own interest.

The government must give the attention to the families who suffered losses in the war.

People who have lost their livelihood and have lost their houses also need to be rehabilitate and compensated.

The government must establish educational institutes, along with complete staff and standardized facilities of the building to educate the people so that they may aware of their responsibility as an Afghan national.

Universities need to be built.

The government has to play a major role in the security sector.

The government must do extensive developmental works in Afghanistan, to give basic facilities of life to the people.

The international community also has to play a role for the people of Afghanistan to provide them help in education, health and other economic and financial support.

The government should adopt the strategy of dialogue and negotiation to settle all the disputes with the elders or Maliks in the development and dialogue process.

Pakistan should bring a complete change in its Afghan policy and should come out of its Cold War mindset. Afghanistan should treated as an equality bases, sovereign and respected nation.

Afghanistan should not be seen only through the Indian prism as this will further push Afghanistan into the Indian arms.

Pakistan should make all efforts to restore durable peace in Afghanistan because both countries peace are interlink with each other.

Pakistan military establishment are supposed to play a role of a mediator among US and Afghan Taliban.

Pakistan should try to back the disputes with Afghanistan as like China have done with India pushes their border disputes aside and decided to start trade with each other. This will increase cooperation between these two poor and war effected countries in their daily life.

Pakistan should try to use its entire influence to control Afghan Taliban and must bring then negotiation table. This will increase relation as compared to past.

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